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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/556,157	04/21/2000	Thomas Leoutsakos	TL-1 6306	
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THOMAS LEOUTSAKOS			SANTOS, ROBERT G	
P. O. BOX 253	(A 02155		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
MEDFORD, MA 02155			3673	THE ER NOMBER

DATE MAILED: 02/24/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Offic Action Cum	man.	09/556,157	LEOUTSAKOS, THOMAS				
Offic Action Sumi	Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Robert G. Santos	3673				
The MAILING DATE of this Period for Reply	communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the co	orrespondence address				
 If NO period for reply is specified above, the Failure to reply within the set or extended per Any reply received by the Office later than the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 	DMMUNICATION. e provisions of 37 CFR 1.130 of this communication. than thirty (30) days, a reply maximum statutory period wi iod for reply will, by statute, ee months after the mailing	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days Il apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from t	ely filed swill be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) Responsive to communicat	on(s) filed on <u>05 No</u>	<u>vember 2003</u> .					
2a) This action is FINAL.	This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)☐ Since this application is in o							
closed in accordance with t	he practice under <i>Ex</i>	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-35</u> is/are pendin	g in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s)	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allow	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16 and 21-35</u> is/	are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) <u>17-20</u> is/are object							
8) Claim(s) are subject	to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected	to by the Examiner						
10) The drawing(s) filed on	_ is/are: a)□ acce	pted or b) objected to by the E	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that	any objection to the d	rawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s)	including the correction	on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is of	pjected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			•				
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ No		priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
<u> </u>							
	-	ty documents have been receive					
application from the I	nternational Bureau	(PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	-				
* See the attached detailed Of	fice action for a list o	of the certified copies not receive	d.				
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary ((PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing		Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te				
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PT Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	O-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal Pa	atent Application (PTO-152)				
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DETAILED ACTION

This Office action is responsive to the Board Decision filed on November 5, 2003; prosecution of the application has been reopened since it is considered that other cited prior art references disclose the limitations recited in Applicant's claims.

Claim Objections

1. Claim 21 is objected to because of the following informalities: In line 2, the third instance of the term "a" should be changed to --said--. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- Claims 11-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The phrase "expanding said rest member" as recited in claims 11, 12, and 15 is rendered indefinite since the rest member is defined as a platform on page 3 of the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- Claims 1, 2, 5, 9-11, and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Murphy '910. Murphy '910 shows the claimed limitations of an apparatus for supporting a body part, comprising: a rest member (37, 65) for the body part; an expandable member (42) associated with the rest member; and means for expanding (16) the expandable member upwardly and forwardly with the body part on the rest member (as described in column 3, lines 21-26 and in column 4, lines 22-30). As concerns claim 2, the reference discloses the use of an auxiliary surface (12, 12a) associated therewith. With regards to claim 5, the reference is considered to show a condition wherein the rest member (37, 65) is a platform (see Figures 2 & 3). As concerns claim 9, the reference discloses a condition wherein the means for expanding (26) includes means for inflating the expandable member (as described in column 2, lines 32-33) and further including a safety guard (72, 72a) therefor. With regards to claim 10, the reference is considered to show a condition wherein the means for inflating comprises a compressor (as described in column 2, lines 32-33 and in column 4, lines 22-25).

As concerns claim 11, the reference discloses the steps of positioning a body part on a rest member (37, 42, 65); expanding the rest member to an inclined elevation with the body part supported thereon; and transferring the body part from the rest member (as described in column 3, lines 21-26 and in column 4, lines 22-30). With regards to claim 15, the reference is

considered to disclose the step of expanding the rest member by a compressor in column 2, lines 32-33 and in column 4, lines 22-25.

Claims 1-5, 11-14, and 21-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Cox '328. Cox '328 shows the claimed limitations of an apparatus (1) for supporting a body part, comprising: a rest member (63, 64) for the body part; an expandable member (25, 25A, 26, 26A) associated with the rest member; and means for expanding (97, 97A, 100, 100A, 103, 103A, 104, 104A, 105, 105A, 106, & 106A) the expandable member upwardly and forwardly with the body part on the rest member (as described in column 2, lines 18-22 and in column 5, lines 44-56). As concerns claim 2, the reference discloses the use of an auxiliary surface (2) associated therewith. As concerns claims 3 and 4, the reference is considered to show a condition wherein the body part is either a foot or an arm in Figure 1. With regards to claim 5, the reference is considered to show a condition wherein the rest member (63, 64) is a platform (see Figures 1, 2, 4, & 8).

As concerns claim 11, the reference discloses the steps of positioning a body part on a rest member (25, 25A, 26, 26A, 63, 64); expanding the rest member to an inclined elevation with the body part supported thereon; and transferring the body part from the rest member (as described in column 1, lines 41-45). With regards to claim 12, the reference is considered to show the step of expanding the rest member in association with a bed (2) in Figure 1 and in column 2, lines 58-60. As concerns claims 13 and 14, the reference also discloses the condition wherein the positioning step includes positioning a foot or an arm on the rest member in column 2, lines 18-22.

As concerns claim 21, the reference shows the claimed limitations of a system for assisting a person having a lower limb into adopting a reclined position from a sitting position (as described in column 1, lines 41-45), comprising a surface (2) upon which the person is to recline; and means for transferring (43, 65, 66) the person to the surface, comprising means for elevating (26, 26A) the lower limb of the person to a level permitting the transfer of the person to the surface with the lower limb in a reclined position (as described in column 7, lines 8-20 and as shown in Figure 1). As concerns claims 22 and 23, the reference is considered to show conditions wherein the surface comprises a bed (2) and wherein the bed includes a mattress in Figure 1 and in column 2, lines 59-60. With regards to claim 24, the reference discloses a condition wherein the means for transferring is positioned on a platform (33, 63, 64). As concerns claim 25, the reference is considered to show a support (66) for the lower limb in Figure 1. With regards to claims 26 and 27, the reference discloses the use of means for elevating (26, 26A) the support (66) with respect to the platform (33, 63, 64), wherein the means for elevating also permits the transfer of the lower limb to the surface (2) (as shown in Figure 1). As concerns claim 28, the reference is considered to show a condition wherein the support (66) is depressible to the vicinity of the platform (33, 63, 64) after the lower limb has been transferred in column 5, lines 44-56 and in Figure 8. With regards to claims 29 and 30, the reference discloses conditions wherein the elevating means (26, 26A) is switch-actuatable (100A) and is selected from the class of manually and automatically powered devices (see column 6, lines 54-57 & 65-68; column 7, lines 1-3; and Figures 7 & 8).

As concerns claim 31, the reference also discloses the steps of positioning a seated person's lower limb on means for elevating (26, 64) the lower limb; elevating the lower limb

with the person remaining seated (as described in column 1, lines 41-45); and transferring the elevated lower limb to an elevated surface (2) (as described in column 7, lines 8-20 and as shown in Figure 1). With regards to claim 32, the reference is considered to show a condition wherein the means for elevating the lower limb adjoins the elevated surface in Figure 1. As concerns claims 33, the reference discloses a condition wherein the person is wheeled (by elements 6) to the means for elevating the lower limb and the foot of the lower limb is positioned thereon in column 1, lines 41-45; column 7, lines 8-20; and in Figure 1. With regards to claim 34, the reference is considered to show a condition wherein the lower limb is elevated to substantially the level of the elevated surface in Figure 1. As concerns claim 35, the reference is considered to show a condition wherein the lower limb is transferred to the elevated surface such that the person can adopt a reclined position in column 7, lines 8-20 and in Figure 1.

7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 8. Claims 1, 2, 5, 7, 11, and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Stewart et al. '188. Stewart et al. '188 shows the claimed limitations of an apparatus for supporting a body part, comprising: a rest member for the body part (14); an expandable member (16, 20) associated with the rest member; and means for expanding (18, 19) the expandable member upwardly and forwardly (as described in column 3, lines 61-64 and as

shown in Figures 1 & 2) with the body part on the rest member (as noted in column 3, lines 45-47). As concerns claim 2, the reference discloses the use of an auxiliary surface (the chair as described in column 2, lines 58-60 and as shown in Figure 1) associated therewith. With regards to claim 5, the reference is considered to show a condition wherein the rest member (14) is a platform in Figures 1-4 and in column 3, lines 13-16. As concerns claim 7, the reference is considered to show a condition wherein the expandable member (16, 20) is selected from the class consisting of bellows and scissors mechanisms in Figures 1-4 and in column 2, lines 65-66.

As concerns claim 11, the reference discloses the steps of positioning a body part on a rest member (14, 16, 20); expanding the rest member to an inclined elevation with the body part supported thereon; and transferring the body part from the rest member (see column 3, lines 45-47 & 61-64 and in column 5, lines 23-25). With regards to claim 15, the reference is considered to disclose the step of expanding the rest member by a compressor (18) in column 5, lines 7-11.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 10. Claims 6 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Murphy '910 in view of Johnson '070. Murphy '910 does not specifically disclose a condition wherein the platform is configured to the body part. Johnson '070 provides the basic teaching of an apparatus (C) for supporting a body part which is configured to the body part. The skilled artisan

would have found it obvious at the time the invention was made to provide the apparatus of

Page 8

Murphy '910 with a platform configured to the body part in order to provide enhanced user

comfort and support.

11. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stewart et al. '188

in view of Murphy '910. Stewart et al. '188 do not specifically disclose a condition wherein the

expandable member is adhered to the platform. Murphy '910 provides the basic teaching of a

support apparatus (10) comprising an expandable member (42) adhered to a platform (37) (see

column 3, lines 10-20). The skilled artisan would have found it obvious at the time the invention

was made to provide the apparatus of Stewart et al. '188 with an expandable member adhered to

the platform in order to ensure further that the expandable member is secured in proper position

relative to the platform.

Allowable Subject Matter

12. Claims 17-20 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would

be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim

and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's 13.

disclosure. Rinne et al. '949, Garman et al. '545, Wu '762. Kunz et al. '110, Vanzant '957,

Schwarz-Zöhrer '569, Vanzant '433, and Walker '522.

Application/Control Number: 09/556,157 Page 9

Art Unit: 3673

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert G. Santos whose telephone number is (703) 308-7469. The examiner can normally be reached on Tu-Fr and first Mondays, 10:30 a.m. to 8:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Heather C. Shackelford can be reached on (703) 308-2978. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free)...

Robert G. Santos Primary Examiner Art Unit 3673

R.S. February 18, 2004